Abstract

The dissertation examines the effects of teaching English to elementary school students with the Project-Based Approach (PBA) in the context of English as a foreign language (EFL). In other words, it focuses on foreign language learning among fifth- and sixth-grade students in a Japanese public elementary school that uses the PBA curriculum for four years (2012-2015). The PBA allows students to develop their self-confidence in a second or foreign language (L2/FL), teaches them autonomy, and promotes collaborative learning as well as their L2/FL competency (Fried-Booth, 1986, 2002). In particular, the PBA offers four characteristics: (1) the appropriate balance between teachers' guidance and students' autonomy, (2) purposeful language use, (3) multi-skill tasks, and (4) recycling known language. To investigate the effects of the PBA discussed in the literature on EFL students in Japanese public elementary schools, the four research questions (RQs) were posed. RQ-1: Does the PBA increase EFL elementary school students' listening abilities in English? RQ-2: Does the PBA develop EFL elementary school students' speaking performance in English? RQ-3: Does the PBA develop EFL elementary school students' *L2 self-confidence*? RQ-4: How do EFL elementary school students' attitudes toward English lessons and L2 self-confidence qualitatively change through the PBA?

In order to respond to these research questions, this study applied a mixed methods approach with over 480 participants. Quantitative analysis included listening tests (LTs), assessments of students' speaking performance during the presentation based on the rubric (ASPs), and questionnaires for students'

self-assessment of self-confidence (QSSs). Qualitative analysis used students' open-ended questionnaires (SOQs) and homeroom teachers' (HRTs') open-ended questionnaires (HOQs), and the researcher's observation journal (ROJ).

As a result, RQ-1, RQ-2, and RQ-3 were answered positively. That is to say, the findings indicated that the PBA helped develop the participants' English listening abilities, English speaking performance, and both *stable* and *state L2 self-confidence*. RQ-4, as a result of qualitative analysis, was answered as follows. From qualitative points of view, L2 self-confidence of the participants increased in six essential areas: developing the participants' English abilities; promoting their collaboration; heightening their self-involvement; keeping the appropriate balance between teachers' guidance and students' autonomy; enhancing their sense of achievement; and obtaining their positive feedback from others. Additionally, their positive attitudes toward English lessons were enhanced through three different kinds of attitudes (i.e., affective, behavioral, and cognitive), particularly affective attitudes.

These findings demonstrate that the PBA is an effective means of EFL instructions for Japanese elementary school students. Therefore, the PBA can be considered to be one of the appropriate approaches for the main objective that the Ministry of Education, Culture, Sports, Science, and Technology (MEXT) (2008a) has set, i.e., fostering the foundation of students' communication abilities. Moreover, this study will provide a few pedagogical implications for incorporating the PBA into the new government guidelines (MEXT, 2017a).

Statement of Appreciation

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List of Abbreviations

Abbreviation Explanation

ALT assistant language teacher

ANOVA Analysis of Variance

ASP Assessment of Speaking Performance

BNC British National Curriculum
CBI Content-Based Instruction

CLIL Content and Language Integrated Learning

CLT Communicative Language Teaching

EFL English as a foreign language ESL English as a second language

HOQ HRT's Open-ended Questionnaire

HRT homeroom teacher
IS international student

JTE Japanese teacher of English

L1 the first language

L2 the second language

LT Listening Test

MEXT Ministry of Education, Culture, Sports, Science, and Technology

MI theory the theory of multiple intelligences

Ms means

PBA Project-Based Approach
PBC Project-Based Curriculum

QSS Questionnaire for Self-assessment of Self-confidence

List of Abbreviations xi

ROJ Researcher's Observation Journal

SD standard deviation

SLA Second Language Acquisition

SPSS Statistical Package for Social Science

SOQ Students' Open-ended Questionnaire

TBLT Task-Based Language Teaching

TPR Total Physical Response

ZPD the zone of proximal development